REMARKS

Claims 1, 14, 24, 36 and 41 are amended. Claims 1-41 are pending and remain for consideration. In view of the following amendments and remarks, Applicant respectfully solicits allowance of the application and furtherance onto issuance.

§ 102 and §103 Rejections

Claims 1-25 and 27-39 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,379,432 to Orton. Further, claims 26 and 40 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being obvious over Orton in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,752,027 to Familiar.

The Claims

Claim 1 has been amended and, as amended recites a method of factoring operating system functions comprising [amended language appears in bold italics below]:

- defining criteria that governs how functions of an operating system are to be factored into one or more groups;
- factoring the functions into one or more groups based upon the criteria; and
- associating groups of functions with programming objects that have
 data and methods, wherein the methods correspond to the operating
 system functions effective to provide an object oriented operating
 system, the programming objects being configured to be
 instantiated throughout a remote computing system.

 Orton neither discloses nor suggests any such subject matter. In fact, it appears that the Office is in agreement with this statement. For example, in addressing a claim (claim 7) that includes a recitation that embraces the notion of remoting, the Office simply states that "Orton is silent with respect to instantiating a plurality of programming objects across a machine boundary...however, it would have been obvious...to make this modification to provide objects that communicate across machine boundaries." (See, e.g. rejection of claim 7, page 5 of present Office Action).

As an aside, Applicant respectfully points out that this line of reasoning is in direct contravention with the guidance the Federal Circuit has provided with respect to making out a *prima facie* case of obviousness. Orton neither discloses nor suggests the subject matter of claim 1, as amended. Accordingly, for at least this reason, this claim is allowable.

Claims 2-13 depend either directly or indirectly from claim 1 and are allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also allowable for their own recited features which, in combination with those recited in claim 1, are neither shown nor suggested in the references of record, either singly or in combination with one another.

Further, with respect to claim 7 which recites "instantiating a plurality of programming objects across a machine boundary", the Office notes that Orton is silent in this regard. The Office goes on to state, in a conclusory fashion, that it would have been obvious to make this modification to provide objects that communicate across machine boundaries. Applicant strongly disagrees with and traverses the Office's conclusory and unsubstantiated argument.

In order to modify a particular reference under §103(a), the Federal Circuit, through its body of case law, has stated that there must be *particular findings* as to why the skilled artisan would be motivated to make such a modification without any knowledge of Applicant's disclosure. Here, the Office has not made any particular findings whatsoever, but has simply used Applicant's disclosure to make a hindsight, conclusory and unsupported statement with respect to the subject matter recited in claim 7. Accordingly, the Office has failed to establish a *prima facie* case of obviousness and as such, this claim is allowable.

Claim 14 has been amended and, as amended recites a method of factoring operating system functions comprising [amended language appears in bold italics below]:

- factoring a plurality of operating system functions that are used in connection with operating system resources into first groups based upon first criteria;
- factoring the first groups into individual sub-groups based upon second criteria; and
- assigning each sub-group to its own programming object interface, wherein a programming object interface represents a particular object's implementation of its collective methods effective to provide an object-oriented operating system, wherein individual objects having associated programming object interfaces are configured to be instantiated throughout a remote computing system.

As noted above, Orton neither discloses nor suggests a method that factors operating system functions, as recited in this claim, where *individual objects* having associated programming object interfaces are configured to be instantiated throughout a remote computing system. Accordingly, for at least this reason, this claim is allowable.

Claims 15-23 depend either directly or indirectly from claim 14 and are allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also allowable for their own recited features which, in combination with those recited in claim 14, are neither shown nor suggested in the references of record, either singly or in combination with one another.

Claim 24 has been amended and, as amended recites a method of factoring operating system functions comprising [amended language appears in bold italics below]:

- factoring a plurality of operating system functions into interface groups based upon the resources with which a function is associated;
- factoring the interface groups into interface sub-groups based upon each function's use of a handle that represents a resource; and
- organizing the interface sub-groups so that at least one of the interface sub-groups inherits from at least one other of the interface sub-groups, individual interface sub-groups being associated with individual programming objects that can be instantiated throughout a remote computing system.

Orton neither discloses nor suggests a method that factors operating system functions as recited in this claim, as amended. Accordingly, for at least this reason, this claim is allowable.

Claims 25-28 depend from claim 24 and are allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also allowable for their own recited features which, in combination with those recited in claim 24, are neither shown nor suggested in the references of record, either singly or in combination with one another. Additionally, given the allowability of claim 24, the §103(a) rejection of

claim 26 over the combination with Familiar is not seen to add anything of significance.

Claim 29 recites an operating system application program interface embodied on a computer-readable medium comprising a plurality of object interfaces. Each object interface is recited to be associated with an object that includes one or more methods that are associated with and can call functions of an operating system that does not comprise the object interfaces. Individual objects are recited to be configured to be instantiated in process, locally, or *remotely*.

In the present Office Action, the Office does not address the recited subject matter that appears in the bold italics above. Regardless, nowhere does Orton disclose or even suggest any such subject matter. Accordingly, this claim is allowable.

Claims 30-35 depend either directly or indirectly from claim 29 and are allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also allowable for their own recited features which, in combination with those recited in claim 29, are neither shown nor suggested in the references of record, either singly or in combination with one another.

Claim 36 has been amended and, as amended recites an operating system comprising [amended language appears in bold italics below]:

- a plurality of programming objects having interfaces, wherein the programming objects represent operating system resources, and wherein the interfaces define methods that are organized in accordance with whether they create an operating system resource or not:
- wherein the programming objects are configured to be called either directly or indirectly by an application; and

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- wherein the methods are configured to call operating system functions responsive to being called directly or indirectly by an application;
- said programming objects being configured to be instantiated throughout a remote computing system.

Orton neither discloses nor suggests any such subject matter. Accordingly for at least this reason, this claim is allowable.

Claims 37-40 depend from claim 36 and are allowable as depending from an allowable base claim. These claims are also allowable for their own recited features which, in combination with those recited in claim 36, are neither shown nor suggested in the references of record, either singly or in combination with one another. In addition, given the allowability of claim 36, the rejection of claim 40 under §103(a) over the combination with Familiar is not seen to add anything of significance.

Claim 41 has been amended and, as amended recites a method comprising [amended language appears in bold italics below]:

- defining a plurality of programming object interfaces that define methods that correspond to the operating system functions, wherein programming objects that support the interfaces are callable either directly by an application that makes object-oriented calls, or indirectly by an application that makes function calls, said programming objects being configured to be instantiated throughout a remote computing system;
- calling a programming object interface either directly via an objectoriented call, or indirectly via an indirection that transforms a function call into an object-oriented call; and
- responsive to said calling, calling an operating system function with a method of the programming object that supports said programming object interface.

Orton neither discloses nor suggests the subject matter of this claim as amended. Accordingly, for at least this reason, this claim is allowable.

Conclusion

All of the claims are in condition for allowance. Accordingly, Applicant requests a Notice of Allowability be issued forthwith. If the Office's next anticipated action is to be anything other than issuance of a Notice of Allowability, Applicant respectfully requests a telephone call for the purpose of scheduling an interview.

Respectfully Submitted,

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